## **Price Waterhouse**

**Chartered Accountants** 

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF HCL SERVICES LIMITED

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of HCL Services Limited ("the Company"), which
comprise the Balance Sheet as at June 30, 2015, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement
for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory
information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements to give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.
- 4. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder including the accounting standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report.
- We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act and other applicable authoritative pronouncements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and pronouncements require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.
- 6. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view, in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- 7. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

#### Opinion

8. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at June 30, 2015, and its loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.



Price Waterhouse, Building No. 8, 7th & 8th Floor, Tower B, DLF Cyber City, Gurgaon - 122 002, Haryana T: +91 (124) 4620 000, +91 (124) 3060 000, F: +91 (124) 4620 620

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT To the Members of HCL Services Limited Report on the Financial Statements Page 2 of 2

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 9. As required by 'the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2015', issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act (hereinafter referred to as the "Order"), and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 10. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on June 30, 2015 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on June 30, 2015 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
  - (f) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company has disclosed the impact, if any, of pending litigations as at June 30, 2015 on its financial position in its financial statements - Refer Note 27.
  - ii. The Company has long-term contracts as at June 30, 2015 for which there were no material foreseeable losses. The Company did not have any long-term derivative contracts as at June 30, 2015.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended June 30, 2015.

For Price Waterhouse Firm Registration Number: 301112E Chartered Accountants

Place: Gurgaon

Date: August 20, 2015

Membership Number: 056155

Annexure to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 9 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of HCL Services Limited on the financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015

- i. (a) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of fixed assets.
  - (b) The fixed assets are physically verified by the Management according to a phased programme designed to cover all the items over a period of three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the programme, a portion of the fixed assets has been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
- ii. (a) The inventory excluding stocks with third parties has been physically verified by the Management during the year. In respect of inventory lying with third parties, these have substantially been confirmed by them. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
  - (b) In our opinion, the procedures of physical verification of inventory followed by the Management are reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the Company and the nature of its business.
  - (c) On the basis of our examination of the inventory records, in our opinion, the Company is maintaining proper records of inventory. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not material.
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(iii), (iii)(a) and (iii)(b) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
  - iv. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is an adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods and services. Further, on the basis of our examination of the books and records of the Company, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across, nor have been informed of, any continuing failure to correct major weaknesses in the aforesaid internal control system.
- The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- vi. The Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under subsection (1) of Section 148 of the Act for any of the products of the Company.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of value added tax and is regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, sales tax, and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there are no dues of income-tax and service-tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute. The particulars of dues of sales tax as at June 30, 2015 which have not been deposited on account of a dispute, are as follows:



Annexure to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 9 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of HCL Services Limited on the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015 Page 2 of 2

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs./Crores)	Amount deposited under protest (Rs./Crores)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
Uttar Pradesh Trade Tax Act, 1948	Commercial Tax	0.06	0.06	2013-2014	Additional Commissioner (Appeals) of Commercial Tax Noida
Kerala General Sales Tax Act, 1963	Sales Tax	1.05	0.67	2001-2015	Dy. Commissioner Commercial Tax Kochi/ Tribunals of Sales Tax Kochi
Bihar Value Added Tax Act, 2005	Sales Tax	0.12	0.06	2013-2015	Jt. Commissioner Appeal (Patna)

- There are no amounts required to be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and the rules made thereunder.
- As the Company is registered for a period less than five years, the provisions of Clause 3(viii) of viii. the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- ix. According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to any financial institution or bank or debenture holders as at the balance sheet date.
- In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has x. not given any guarantee for loans taken by others from banks or financial institutions during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(x) of the Order are not applicable to the Company
- xi. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the term loans have been applied for the purposes for which they were obtained.
- xii. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud on or by the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.

For Price Waterhouse

Firm Registration Number: 301112E

Chartered Accountants

Avijit Mukerji

Date: August 20, 2015

Place: Gurgaon Partner Membership Number: 056155

# HCL Services Limited Balance Sheet as at June 30, 2015

2			A		A = =1
			As at		As at
			30.06.2015		30 06 2014
	Notes		7/Crores		₹/Crores
Equity and Liabilities:					
Shareholders' funds					
Share capital	2	0.05		0.05	
Reserves and surplus	3 _	(88.54)	(88.49)	3.65	3.70
Non-current liabilities					
Long-term borrowings	4	1.42		19,63	
Other long-term liabilities	5	8.67		18.89	
Long-term provisions	6	6.76	16.85	5.31	43.83
Current liabilities	2.0				
Short-term borrowings	7	314.95		155.66	
Trade payables	8	102.90		135.11	
Other current liabilities	9	166.99		232.84	
Short-term provisions	10 _	7.58	592.42	10.49	534.10
Total Equity and Liabilities			520.78	_	581.63
Assets:					
Non-current assets					
Fixed assets					
- Tangible assets	11	20.06		23.98	
- Intangible assets	11	53.83		61.80	
- Capital work-in-progress		0.39		0.65	
Non-current investments	12	55.21		42.56	
Deferred tax assets (net)	29	*		5.22	
Long-term loans and advances	13	29,10		13.87	
Other non-current assets	14	0.44_	159.03	2.26	150,34
Current assets					
Inventories	15	74.74		82.65	
Trade receivables	16	188.66		208.65	
Cash and bank balances	17	11.13		23.40	
Short-term loans and advances	18	37.18		33.90	484.00
Other current assets	19	50.04	361.75	82.69	431.29
Total Assets		-	520.78	-	581.63

Significant Accounting Policies

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date

For Price Waterhouse Firm Registration Number-301112E Chartered Accountants

AVIJIT M JKERJI Partner Membership Number - 056155

Place : Noida Date : August 20, 2015

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the Balance Sheet

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

KAUSHIK DUTTA

S G MÜRALI Group Chief Financial Officer

Director DIN - 03328890

PREMKUMAR SESHADRI Chairman DIN - 03114983

# HCL Services Limited Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended June 30, 2015

Revenue:	Notes		Year ended 30,06,2015 ₹/Crores		Year ended 30.06.2014 ₹/Crores
Revenue from operations (gross)	20		659.35		608.96
Other Income	21		0.77		0.88
Total Revenue		-	660.12		609.84
Expenses:					
Other direct expense	22		288.73		183.74
Employee benefits expense	23		237.94		251.65
Finance costs	24		33.03		21,47
Depreciation and amortisation expense	11		19.77	.00	21.24
Net Loss on Foreign Exchange Fluctuation (Other than considered as Finance cost)			*		0.25
Other expenses	25		167.62		133.31
Total Expense		- 2	747.09		811.66
Profit/(Loss) before tax			(86.97)		(1.82)
Тах ехрепзе					
Current tax		000		0.13	
Less: MAT Credit Entitlement		12		(0.13)	
Current tax - For the year	77			(=-,=)	
Deferred tax	29	5.22	5.22	4.14	4.14
Profit/(Loss) for the year			(92, 19)		(5.96)
Loss per equity share (in ?)	37				
Basic (of ₹10/- each)			(18,437.81)		(1,191.13)
Diluted (of ₹ 10/- each)			(18,437.81)		(1,191.13)

#### Significant Accounting Policies

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date

For Price Waterhouse Firm Registration Number-301112E Chartered Accountants

AVIJIT MUKERJI Partner

Membership Number - 056155

Place : Noida Date : August 20, 2015

The notes referred to above form an integral part of the Statement of Profit and Loss

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

KAUSHIK DUTTA

Director DIN - 03326890

S G MURALI Group Chief Financial Officer

PREMKUMAR SESHADRI

Chairman DIN - 03114983

# HCL Services Limited Cash Flow Statement for the year ended June 30, 2015

	**			Year ended 30.06.2015 ₹/Crores		Year ended 30.06.2014 ₹/Crores
1. Cash Flow	from Operating Activities:					
Profit/(Loss	) before tax			(86.97)		(1.82)
Finance Co Interest Inco Fixed Assel Profit on Di Provision fo Provisions/I	on and Amortisation Expense sists ome ts Written-Off sposal of Unquoted (Others) Current Investments or Doubtful Debts or Doubtful Loans and Advances Liabiltlies no longer required Written Back	_	19.77 33.03 (0.28) 19.04 0.08 (0.15)	71.49	21.24 21.47 (0.28) 0.01 (0.16) 3.26 0.52 (0.20)	45.86
_	rofit/(Lose) before working capital changes			(15.48)		44.04
Adjustments	s for changes in working capital:					
- (Increase)/ - (Increase)/	Decrease in Trade Receivables Decrease in Loans and Advances and Other Assets Decrease in Inventories Decrease) in Liablittles	_	0.95 14.21 7.91 (51.55)	(28.49)	(82.48) (94.65) 10.75 101.13	(65.25)
Net cash fro	m operating activities	(A)	-	(43.96)		(21.20)
2. Cash flow from	om investing Activities:					
Capital Work- Proceeds from Proceeds from Lease Rental Purchase of Capital Purchase of	Current Investments		(8.20) 0.26 0.61 - 1.34 - 0.25 (12.65)	(18.39)	(5.17) (0.65) 0.05 10.16 (2.98) (10.00) 0.25	(8.32)
	m/(used in) investing activities	(P)	(12.00)			
HOL CESII II UI	minoon uit maasmin senamas	(B)	_	(18.39)		(8.32)







#### 3. Cash Flow from Financing Activities:

Proceeds from long term borrowings Secured Loans					
Repayment of short term borrowings		(1.14)		(77.73)	
Repayment of long term borrowings		(19.63)		(47.04)	
Unsecured Loans		, ,		, ,	
Proceeds from short term borrowings		102.38		185.51	
Proceeds from long term borrowings		1,42			
Interest Paid		(32.95)	50.08	(21.15)	39,59
Interest Faid	(	(32.30)	30.00	(21.10)	55,55
Net cash (used In) financing activities	(C)	-	50.08	_	39.59
Net Increase/(Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents	(A+B+C)		(12.27)		10.06
Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents			23.40		0.05
Add: Acquired on Purchase of Service Business (Refer Note 43)					13.29
Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents			11.13		23.40
			44.48		
Cash and cash equivalents comprise of			11.13		23,40
Cash, Cheques and Drafts (on hand)			5.01		7.47
Balances with Banks on Current Accounts and Dividend Accounts			6.12		15,93
Balances with Banks on Deposits Accounts					

- Notes:

  1 The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method set out in Accounting Standard-3, notified u/s 211(3C) of Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules 2006, as amended and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 2 Transfer of Business from HCL Infosystems Limited, the Holding Company pursuant to scheme of arrangement (Refer Note 43) is a non cash transaction and 3 Figures in brackets indicate cash outflow.
- 4 Notes to financial statements form an Integral part of Cash flow statement.

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date

AVIJIT MUKERJI Partner

Membership Number - 056155

Place: Noida

Date : August 20, 2015

or and on behalf of the Board of Directors

KAUSHIK DUTTA Director DIN - 03328890

S G MURALI

Group Chief Financial Officer

PREMKUMAR SESHADRI

Chairman DIN - 03114983

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India under the historical cost convention on accrual basis. Pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, till the Standards of Accounting or any addendum thereto are prescribed by Central Government in consultation and recommendation of the National Financial Reporting Authority, the existing Accounting Standards notified under the Companies Act, 1956 shall continue to apply. Consequently these financial statements have been prepared to comply in all material aspects with the Accounting Standards notified under Section 211(3C) (Companies Accounting Standards Rules, 2006, as amended) and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current – non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

#### b. FIXED ASSETS

Tangible Fixed Assets including in-house capitalisation and Capital work-in-progress are stated at cost except those which are revalued from time to time on the basis of current replacement cost/value to the Company, net of accumulated depreciation.

Subsequent expenditures related to an item of fixed asset are added to its book value only if they increase the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

Losses arising from the retirement of, and gains or losses arising from disposal of fixed assets which are carried at cost are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Intangible Assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives.

#### c. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION

From the current year, Schedule XIV of the Companies Act, 1956 has been replaced by Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. Due to such change, impact of which is not material, depreciation is being provided as given below.

- (i) Depreciation on fixed assets of the Company is provided on a pro-rata basis on straight-line method using the useful lives of assets prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (ii) Intangible Assets are amortised at straight line basis as follows:

Software

1-5 years

The amortisation period and the amortisation method are reviewed at least at each financial year end. If the expected useful life of the asset is significantly different from previous estimates, the amortisation period is changed accordingly. Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the

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difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

- (b) Leasehold Land is amortised over a period of lease. Leasehold improvements are amortised on straight line basis over the period of three years or lease period whichever is lower.
- (c) Individual assets costing ₹ 5,000 or less are depreciated/amortised fully in the year of acquisition.

#### d. INVESTMENTS

Long-term investments are stated at cost of acquisition inclusive of expenditure incidental to acquisition. Any decline in the value of the said investment, other than a temporary decline, is recognised and charged to Statement of Profit and Loss.

Current investments are carried at lower of cost or fair value where fair value for mutual funds is based on net asset value and for bonds is based on market quote.

#### e. INVENTORIES

Stores and Spares are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value/future economic benefits expected to arise when consumed during rendering of services. Adequate adjustments are made to the carrying value for obsolescence. Cost is determined on the basis of weighted average.

#### f. FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

- a) Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Exchange differences arising on settlement of transactions, are recognised as income or expense in the year in which they arise.
- b) At the balance sheet date, all monetary items denominated in foreign currency, are reported at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date and the resultant gain or loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.
- c) With respect to exchange differences arising on translation of long term foreign currency monetary items having a term of 12 months or more, from July 1, 2011 onwards, the Company has adopted the following policy:
  - (i) Exchange differences relating to long term foreign currency monetary items, arising during the year, in so far as they relate to the acquisition of a depreciable capital asset are added to or deducted from the cost of the asset and depreciated over the balance life of the asset.
  - (ii) In other cases, such differences are accumulated in the "Foreign Currency Monetary Translation Difference Account" and amortised over the balance period of the long term assets/liabilities but not beyond March 31, 2020.
- d) In case of forward foreign exchange contracts where an underlying asset or liability exists at the balance sheet date, the premium or discount arising at the inception of forward exchange contracts is amortised as expense or income over the life of the contract. Exchange differences on such contract are recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss in the reporting period in which the exchange rate change.
- e) Forward exchange contracts outstanding as at the year end on account of firm commitment / highly probable forecast transactions are marked to market and the losses, if any, are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and gains are ignored in





accordance with the Announcement of Institute of Chartered Accountants of India on 'Accounting for Derivatives' issued in March 2008.

f) Any profit or loss arising on cancellation or renewal of a forward exchange contract are recognised as income or as expense for the period.

#### g. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### **Defined Benefit:**

#### Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit plan (the "Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees in accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment. The Company's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. Actuarial losses/gains are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they arise

#### **Provident Fund**

The Company is a participant in a provident fund plan which is administered through a multi-employer trust. The Provident Fund liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of the year and any shortfall in the fund size maintained by the Trust is additionally provided for. The Company's contribution to provident fund for the year is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Other Benefits:

#### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed within 12 months from the end of the year end are treated as short term employee benefits. The obligation towards the same is measured at the expected cost of accumulating compensated absences as the additional amount expected to be paid as a result of the unused entitlement as at the year end.

Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed beyond 12 months from the end of the year end are treated as other long term employee benefits. The Company's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. Actuarial losses/ gains are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they arise.

#### **Defined Contribution:**

Contributions to the employees' state insurance fund, administered by the prescribed government authorities, are made in accordance with the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 and are recognised as an expense on an accrual basis.

Company's contribution towards Superannuation Fund is accounted for on accrual basis. The Company makes defined contributions to a Superannuation Trust established for the purpose. The Company has no further obligation beyond the monthly contributions.





#### h. REVENUE RECOGNITION

- (a) Sales, after adjusting trade discount, are inclusive of excise duty and the related revenue is recognised on transfer of all significant risks and rewards of ownership to the customer and when no significant uncertainty exists regarding realisation of the consideration.
- (b) Service income includes income from IT infrastructure managed services, break-fix services, cloud services, enterprise application services, software development & support services, office automation maintenance services, managed print services and telecom & consumer electronics support services. Revenues relating to time and materials contracts are recognized as the related services are rendered. Revenue in case of fixed priced contracts is recognised on percentage of completion basis. Revenue from a period based service contracts is recognised on a pro rata basis over the period in which such services are rendered.

#### i. LEASES

- a) Assets taken on leases where significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Lease rentals are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on straight-line basis over the lease term.
- Assets leased out under operating leases are capitalised. Rental income is recognised on accrual basis over the lease term.

#### j. CURRENT AND DEFERRED TAX

Tax expense for the period, comprising current tax and deferred tax, are included in the determination of the net profit or loss for the period. Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the taxation laws prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

Deferred tax is recognised for all the timing differences, subject to the consideration of prudence in respect of deferred tax assets. Deferred tax assets are recognised and carried forward only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. In situations where the company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, all deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realised against future taxable profits. At each Balance Sheet date, the Company reassesses unrecognised deferred tax assets, if any.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle the asset and the liability on a net basis. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off assets against liabilities representing current tax and where the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a reasonable certainty to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

#### k. PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company creates a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a



possible obligation or a present obligation that probably will not require an outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

#### I. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting period. Examples of such estimates include estimate of cost expected to be incurred to complete performance under composite arrangements, income taxes, provision for warranty, employment benefit plans, provision for doubtful debts and estimated useful life of the fixed assets. The actual results could differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

#### m. IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication that an asset (tangible and intangible) may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount and if the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an Impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

#### n. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### o. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditure incurred on an individual project is recognised as an intangible asset when technical and commercial feasibility of the project is demonstrated, future economic benefits are probable, the Company has ability and intention to complete the asset and use or sell it and cost can be measured reliably.





Notes to the Financial Statements

	As at 30.06.2016	As at 30 08 2014
2- Shere capital	₹/Crores	₹/Crores
Authorised		
50,000 Equity Shares (2014 - 50,000) of ₹ 10/- each	0.05	0.05
TOTAL	0.05	0,05
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up		
50,000 Equity Shares of (2014 - 50,000) ₹ 10/- each (Fully Paid up)	0.06	0.05
TOTAL	0.05	0.05
Notes:		

(i) Rights attached to Equity Shares:

The Company has only one class of equity share having a face value of ₹ 2/- each. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the Shareholders in ensuing General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend.

(ii) Shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company	Number of Shares	% of shares	Number of Shares	% of shares
(a) HCL Infosystems Limited, the Holding Company	60,000	100,00	60,000	100.00





### Notes to the Financial Statements

## 3- Movement in Reserves and surplus

	Cumlus In the	(₹/Crores)  Total Reserves and
Particulars	Surplus In the Statement of Profit and Loss	Surplus
As at July 1, 2013	(0.01)	(0.01)
- Loss for the year	(5.96)	(5.96)
- Transfer of profit for the period January 13 to June 13 from HCL infosystems Limited, the Holding Company (Refer Note 43)	8.62	8.62
- Adjustment on Account of Scheme (Refer Note 43)	1.00	1.00
As at June 30, 2014	3.65	3.65
As at July 1, 2014	3.65	3.65
- Loss for the year	(92.19)	(92.19)
As at June 30, 2015	(88.54)	(88.54)





Notes to the Financial Statements

	Ab at 30.06.2016 T/Crores	As at 30.08.2014 */Crores
4- Long-term borrowings		
Secured:		
Term Loans - From Banks	= +	19.63 19.63
Unascured:		
Term Losns - From Olhers	1.42	*
	1.42	<del></del>
TOTAL	1.42	19 63

#### Notes:

- 1. (i) Secured Term Loan from Banks amounting to ₹ 19.71 Crores (2014 ₹ 88.09 Crores), out of which ₹ 19.71 Crores (2014 ₹ 78.46 Crores) is shown under current maturity of long term debt, is secured by way of subservient charge on current assets of the Company. The loan is repayable in 8 quarterly equal installments starting from the date of disbursement and cerries interest @ 11.67 % p.a.
- (ii) Unsecured Term loans from Others amounting to ₹ 2.12 Crores (2014 ₹ NiL), out of which ₹ 0.70 Crores Crores (2014 ₹ NiL) is shown under current maturity of long term debt, is repayable in 12 equal quarterly instalments from the date of the disbursement which carries interest @ 12.10% p.a.
- 2. Long term borrowings, Short term borrowings and Current maturities of long term debts include the loan amounting to ₹ Nil (2014 ₹ 19.63 Crores), ₹ 28.13 Crores (2014 ₹ 27.27 Crores) and ₹ 19.71 Crores (2014 ₹ 78.46 Crores) respectively that the HCL infosystems Limited, the holding company has transferred to the Company pursuant to the scheme of arrangement (Refer Note 43).HCL infosystems Limited, the holding company, is in the process of transferring the loan agreements to the company

#### 5- Other long-term Habilities

Deferred Revenue Dealer Deposits	6.05 2.62	16.54 2.35
TOTAL	8.67	18.89
8- Long-term provisions		
Provision for Gratuity (Refer Note 39)	6.76	6.31
TOTAL	6.76	5,31





Notes to the Financial Statements

	As at 30,06,2016 7/Crores	As at 30 06 2014 ₹/Crores
7- Short-term borrowings	8	
Secured:		
Loans from Banks - Term Loans - Buyers Credit Unsecured:	26.13 - 20.13	28.13 1.14 27,27
Loans from HCL Infosystems Limited, the Holding Company	286.82	128.39
	288.82	128.39
TOTAL	314.96	155.66

- 1.Secured Loan from Banks amounting to ₹ 26.13 Crores (2014 ₹ 27.27) are secured by way of first charge over stock-in-trade and book debts of HCL infosystems Ltd and its demerged subsidiaries and by way of second charge over movable and immovable fixed assets of the HCL Infosystem Limited (the Holding Company), pursuant to court approved scheme of arrangement. The charge ranks pari-passu amongst Bankers.

  2 Unsecured Loans (Inter Company Deposits) from HCL Infosystems Limited, the Holding Company, amounting to ₹ 286.82 Crores (2014 ₹ 128.39 Crores) is repayable within 1 year from the date of loan and carries an interest @ 11.49 % per annum.

#### 8- Trade payables

Trade Payables (Refer Note 30) [Including Acceptance ₹ 0,38 Crores (2014 - ₹ 6.23 Crores)]	102.90	135.11
TOTAL	102.90	135.11
9- Other current liabilities		
Current Maturities of Long-Term Debts (Refer Note 4)	20.41	78,46
Interest Accrued but not due on Borrowings	0.05	0.01
Deferred Revenue	44.06	49,15
Advances Received from Customers	10.20	15.24
Payable to Holding Company	69,30	60.88
Statutory Dues Payable	14.69	11.61
Employee Benefits Payable	18.03	17.17
Capital Creditors	0.26	0.32
TOTAL	168.98	232 84
10- Short-term provisions		
Provision for Gratuity and Leave Encashment (Refer Note 39)#	6.28	7.22
Provision for Warranty Liability (Refer Note 28)	1.30	3.27
TOTAL	7.68	10.49
# Includes ₹ 3,12 Crores (2014-₹ 3.46 Crores) for provision for leave encashment		





11- Fixed assets

		,	Gross Block				Deprec	Depreciation / Amortisation	no		Net	Net Block
Particulars	As at 01.07.2014	Transfer from HCL infosystems As at 01.07.2014 Limited, the Holding Company (Refer Note 43)	Additions	Disposal	As at 30.06.2015	As at 01.07.2014	As at 30.06.2016 As at 01.07.2014 Limited, the Holding Company (Refer Note 43)	Additions	Disposal	As at 30.06.2015	As at 30.06.2016 As at 30.06.2015 As at 30.06.2014	As at 30.06.2014
Tangible Assets:												
_easehold improvements	1.69		2.02		3.71	0.75		0670		1.65	2.06	26.0
Plant and Machinery	16.18	*	1.26	90.0	17.36	5.49	ж	4.57	0.07	66'6		10.69
Furniture and Fixtures	1.82		0.30	0.04	2.68			0.38	0.02	1.24	141	0.94
Office Equipments	371		0.68	0.40	3.99	1.32		0.95	0.06	2.21		2.39
Vehicles	0.02		1.54	0.24	1.32	0.02		0.19	0.01	0.20		(4)
Computers	19.20		1,45	0.10	20.65	10.18		4.17	60'0	14.26	6.29	9.05
Sub-Total (a)	42.62	3	7.85	0.86	49.61	18.64		11.16	0.25	29.55	20.06	23.98
Previous Year		37.90	4.86	014	42.62		6.18	12.64	0.08	18.64	23.98	4
Intangible Assets:												
Own Assets				3								
Goodwill (Refer Note 43)	50.88				50.88	3				*	50.88	50,88
Software*	23.78		0.64		24.42	12.86		9.61		21.47	2.95	10.92
Sub-Total (b)	74.66		D.64		75.30	12.86		8.61		21.47	53.83	61.80
Previous Year	ě	23.52	51.14	×	74.66	3	4.16	8.70	/#·	12.86	6180	
	ſ											1

Total (4+b)

Notes:

"Software comprise cost of acquiring licences and SAP implementation charges.





12- Non-current Investments	Face Value	As at 30.08.2016 <u>Unite</u>	Amount	Face Value	As at 30.06.2014 <u>Units</u>	Amount
Unquoted (Trade): Long Term (At Cost) Investments in Equity Instruments of Subsidiaries		6,199,991 in	₹/Crores		6,199,991 in	₹/Crores
HCl: Inays Pte. Limited, Singapore	SGD 1 and	SGD* and 3,800,000 in	#4.40	SGD 1 and USD 1	SGD* and 3,800,000 in USD*	44.00
HCL Touch Inc., United States	USD 1 USD 0.01	USD* 150 in USD*	<b>54.48</b> 0.73	USD 0.01	150 in USD*	41.83 0.73
Total Non-Current Investments		-	55.21		=	42.56



13- Long-term toens and advances   Unsecured, considered good:			As at 30.06.2016 T/Crores	_	As at 30.06 2014 ₹/Crores
Capital Advances   2,44   2,78   3   3   7   2,44   2,78   3   3   7   2,49   3   3   7   3   3   7   3   3   7   3   3	13- Long-term loans and advances				
Deposits   2,44   2,76   2,78   3,37   3,37   3,47   3,24   3,37   3,37   3,47   3,24   3,37   3,3	Unsecured, considered good:				
Propose					
Advance income Tax					
Nation   Provision for Income Tax of ₹ 5.48 Crores (2014 - ₹ Nill)   0.02			2,49		33/
Chier Loane and Advances   Chief Considered Good   C			24.14		7.24
14- Other non-current assets  Unbilled Revenue Lease Rentel Recoverable (Refer Note 36)  TOTAL  15- Inventories  Stores and Spares  TOTAL  16- Trade receivables  Unsecured:  Cebts outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment - Considered Good - Considered Good - Considered Doubiful  Total Stores  16- Trade receivables  Unsecured:  Cebts outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment - Considered Good - Considered Goo			0.02		0 11
14- Other non-current assets  Unbilled Revenue Lease Rentel Recoverable (Refer Note 36)  TOTAL  15- Inventories  Stores and Spares  TOTAL  16- Trade receivables  Unsecured:  Cebts outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment - Considered Good - Considered Good - Considered Doubiful  Total Stores  16- Trade receivables  Unsecured:  Cebts outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment - Considered Good - Considered Goo	TOTAL			· ·	
Unbilled Revenue       0.44       1.58         Lease Rantal Recoverable (Refer Note 36)       0.44       2.26         15- Inventories         Stores and Spares       74.74       82.65         TOTAL       74.74       82.65         16- Trade receivables         Unsecured:         Debts outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment         -Considered Good       47.18       52.88         -Considered Good       47.18       15.60         Cher Debts       79.03       68.48         Other Debts       79.03       68.48         Considered Good       141.48       155.77         Considered Good       141.49       155.77         Considered Good       141.49       155.77         Considered Good       141.49       155.77         Total Colspan="2">Total Colspan="2">Total Colspan="2">Total Colspa	IOIAL		29.10	_	13.87
Lease Rental Recoverable (Refer Note 36)   0.44   1.58     TOTAL	14- Other non-current assets				
Lease Rantal Recoverable (Refer Note 36)       0.44       1.58         TOTAL       0.44       2.26         15- Inventories       74.74       82.65         Stores and Speres       74.74       82.65         TOTAL       74.74       82.65         Homeoured:         Unsecured:       20.00       47.18       52.88         Lonsidered Good       47.18       52.88       15.60         Considered Good       31.85       15.60       15.60         Other Debits       79.03       68.48       06.48         Other Debits       141.48       155.77       220.61       224.25         Less: Provision for Doubiful Debits       31.86       18.68       15.60       208.65	Unbilled Revenue				0.68
15- Inventories Stores and Spares 74.74 82.65 TOTAL 74.74 82.65  16- Trade receivables Unsecured: Unsecured:  Cebits outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment - Considered Good 47.18 52.88 - Considered Good 141.45 15.60 79.03 68.48  Other Debits - Considered Good 141.48 155.77 - Considered Good 188.68 15.60 208.65	Lease Rental Recoverable (Refer Note 36)		0.44		
15- Inventories Stores and Spares 74.74 82.65 TOTAL 74.74 82.65  16- Trade receivables Unsecured: Unsecured:  Cebits outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment - Considered Good 47.18 52.88 - Considered Good 141.45 15.60 79.03 68.48  Other Debits - Considered Good 141.48 155.77 - Considered Good 188.68 15.60 208.65	TOTAL				
Stores and Spares   74,74   82 65	TOTAL		0.44	-	2.26
### TOTAL ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### #	15- inventories				
16- Trade receivables  Unsecured:  Debts outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment - Considered Good 47.18 52.88 - Considered Doubiful 31.85 15.60 - Considered Doubiful 79.03 68.48  Other Debts - Considered Good 141.48 155.77 - 220.61 224.26  Less: Provision for Doubiful Debts 31.86 188.68 15.60 208.65	Stores and Spares		74.74		82 65
Unsecured:         Debts outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment         - Considered Good       47.18       52.88         - Considered Doubiful       31.85       15.60         79.03       68.48         Other Debts       79.03       68.48         - Considered Good       141.48       155.77         220.81       224.26         Less: Provision for Doubiful Debts       31.86       188.68       15.60       208.65	TOTAL		74.74		82 65
Combined outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment   47.18   52.88     15.60	16- Trade receivables				
due for payment     47.18     52.88       - Considered Good     31.85     15.60       - Considered Doubitful     79.03     68.48       Other Debts     155.77       - Considered Good     141.48     155.77       220.81     224.26       Less: Provision for Doubitful Debts     31.86     188.68     15.60     208.65	Unsecured:				
due for payment     47.18     52.88       - Considered Good     31.85     15.60       - Considered Doubitful     79.03     68.48       Other Debts     155.77       - Considered Good     141.48     155.77       220.81     224.26       Less: Provision for Doubitful Debts     31.86     188.68     15.60     208.65	Debts outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are				
- Considered Doubitul 31.85 15.60 79.03 68.48  Other Debts	due for payment				
Other Debis         79.03         68.48           - Considered Good         141.48         155.77           Less: Provision for Doubiful Debis         220.81         224.25           Less: Provision for Doubiful Debis         31.86         188.68         15.60         208.65					
Other Debts         141.48         155.77           - Considered Good         220.81         224.25           Less: Provision for Doubiful Debts         31.86         188.66         15,60         208.65	- Considered Doubtful			15.60	
- Considered Good 141.48 155.77 220.51 220.51 224.25 Less: Provision for Doublful Debts 31.86 188.68 15.60 208.65	Other Debis	79.03		00.40	
Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts         220,81 31,86         188.68 18,60 1,60         224,25 208,65		141.48		155.77	
	-	220.61		224.25	
TOTAL 188.66 208.65	Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts	31.86	188.66	15,60	208.65
	TOTAL		168.66		208,65





#### Notes to the Financial Statements

	As at 30.06.2016 7/Crores	As at 30 06 2014 */Crores
17- Cash and bank balances		N <del> </del>
Cash and Cash Equivalents Balances with Banks - On Current Account Cash on Hand Cheques on Hand	8.12 0.09 4.92	15.93 0.07 7.40
TOTAL	11.13	23.40
18- Short-term loans and advances		
Unaccured		
Considered Good Belances with Customs, Port Trust, Excise and Sales Tax Authorities	2.64	2.25
Advances to Creditors	16.00	17.32
Deposits with Tax Authorities	*(	
Other Deposits	7.32	3,95
MAT Credit Entitlement	0.13	0.13
Advance income tax		7.81
Prepaid Expenses	8.12	2.44
Others (Includes Employee advances, Insurance claim recoverable and Expenses recoverable)	2.97	2.44
Considered Doubtful		
Deposits and Other Advances 0.79		0.74
Less: Provision for Doubiful Loans and Advances 0.79	¥1	0.74
TOTAL	37.18	33.90
19- Other current assets		
Lease Rental Recoverable (Refer Note 36) Unbilled revenue	1.1B 48.8B	1.38 61.31
TOTAL	50.04	82.69





Notes	to the	Floancial	Statements

	Year ended	Year ended
	30.06.2015	30.06.2014
	₹/Croree	₹/Crores
20- Revenue from operations		
Sale of Products	130.95	85.54
Sale of Services	528.00	523,42
Other Operating Revenue		
- Scrap Sale	0.40	(3)
TOTAL	659,35	608.96
21- Other income		
Interest Income		
- On Lease Rental	0,28	0,25
- On Fixed Deposits (Gross)	3.0	0.03
Profit on Disposal of Unquoted (Others) Current Investments	20	0.16
Net Profit on Foreign Exchange Fluctuation	0.01	-
Provisions/Liabilities no longer required written back	0.15	0.20
Miscellaneous Income	0.33	0.24
TOTAL	0.77	0.88
22- Other direct expense		
Purchase of Services	59.47	28.30
Spares and Stores Consumed	229,26	155.32
Power and Fuel		0.12
, - <del>1</del>		100.74
TOTAL	288,73	183,74
23- Employee benefits expense (Refer Note 39)		
Satarles, Wages, Bonus and Gratuity	222.24	236.53
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	12.54	12.56
Staff Welfare Expenses	3.16	2.58
TOTAL	237.94	251,65
24- Finance costs		
A STATE OF THE STA	10.00	21.23
Interest on Long-term and Short-term Borrowings	32.99	0.24
Other Borrowing Costs	0.04	0.24
TOTAL	33.03	21.47





#### Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements		
	Year ended	Year ended
	30.06.2015	30.06,2014
	₹/Crorea	7/Crores
25 - Other expenses		
Rent [Refer Note 36(b)(li)]	22,14	12.44
Rates and Taxes	2.43	2,30
Printing and Stationery	2.30	1,85
Communication	8.59	8.26
Travelling and Conveyance	23.43	27.70
Packing, Freight and Forwarding	9.82	10.00
Legal, Professional and Consultancy Charges (Refer Note 35)	11,21	5.61
Retainership Expenses	23.34	30,32
Training and Conference	0.64	1.60
Office Electricity and Water	6.96	5.08
Insurance	0.94	0.42
Advertisement, Publicity and Entertainment	0.75	0.68
Hire Charges	1.30	0.73
Commission on Sales	0.19	0.10
Bank Charges	0.30	0.85
Provision for Doubtful Debts and Other Current Assets	19.04	3.26
Provision for Doubtful Loans and Advances	0.00	0.52
Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	0.10	0.12
Fixed Assets Written-Off		0.01
Repairs		
- Plant and Machinery	1.74	1.34
- Buildings	0.27	0.55
- Othera	10.35	6.04
Common Cost Allocated from HCL Infosystems Limited,	10,64	8.55
the Holding Company		
Miscellaneous	9.06	5,10
(D)	167.62	133.31



- 26. Estimated value of contracts on capital account, excluding capital advances, remaining to be executed and not provided for amount to ₹ 0.12 Crores (2014 ₹ 0.99 Crores). For Commitments on account of lease Refer Note 36.
- 27. Contingent Liabilities (Refer Note 43):

Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts:

	2015	2014
	₹/Crores	₹/Crores
Sales Tax*	1.22	0.94
Industrial Disputes, Civil Suits and Consumer Disputes	2.26	1.82

<sup>\*</sup> Includes sum of ₹ 0.79 Crores (2014 -₹ 0.74 Crores) deposited by the Company against the above.

The amounts shown above represents the best possible estimates arrived at on the basis of available information. The uncertainties and possible reimbursements are dependent on the out come of the different legal processes which have been initiated by the Company or the claimants as the case may be and therefore cannot be predicted accurately. It is not practicable for the Company to estimate the timing of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above pending resolution of the respective proceedings.





#### 28. The Company has the following provision for warranty liability in the books of accounts:

	2015	2014
	₹/Crores	₹/Crores
Opening Balance as on July 1	3.27	
Transfer from HCL Infosystem Limited, the Holding Company, during the year (Refer Note 43)		8.84
Additions during the year	0.01	11.17
Utilised/Reversed during the year	1.98	16.74
Closing Balance as on June 30	1.30	3.27

The warranty provision has been recognised for expected warranty claims for the first year of warranty on products sold during the year. Due to the very nature of such costs, Outflows of economic benefits against this provision is expected to happen with in one year.

#### 29. Taxatlon:

a) Provision for taxation has been computed by applying the Income Tax Act, 1961 to the loss for the financial year ended June 30, 2015, although the actual tax liability of the Company has to be computed each year by reference to the taxable profit for each fiscal year ended March 31.

#### b) Deferred Tax:

Major components of Deferred tax arising on account of timing difference along with their movement as at June 30, 2015 are:

				₹/Crores
	As at 01.07.14	Transfer from HCL Infosystems Limited, the Holding Company (Refer Note 43)	Movement during the year	As at 30.06.15
Assets				
Provision for Doubtful Debts/Advances/Other Current Assets	5.55		(5.55)	
Impact of expenditure charged to statement of profit & loss but allowable for tax purpose in future years	4.09		(4.09)	
Taxable losses and unabsorbed tax depreciation allowable in future years	0.98		(89.0)	540
Total (A)	10.62	346	(10.62)	-
Liabilities				
Difference between WDV of fixed assets as per books and under Income				597
tax Act, 1961	5.36		(5.36)	
Other timing differences	0.04		(0.04)	
Total (B)	5.40		(5.40)	
Net Deferred Tax Assets (A)-(B)	5.22	9	(5.22)	
Previous Period		9.36	(4.14)	5,22

#### 30. Disclosure of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises based on information available with the Company:

		2015 7/Crores	2014 ₹/Crores
a.	<ul><li>(i) Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the year.</li></ul>	0.06	0.70
	(ii) Interest due on the above amount.		0.02
b.	<ul><li>(i) Amount of Interest paid in terms of section 16 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (Act).</li></ul>	÷	5.00
	(ii) Amount of principal payments made to the suppliers beyond the appointed day during the year.	1.54	1.46
C.	Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment but without adding the interest specified under the Act.	8	
ď.	Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year,	0.05	0.06
e.	Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprises.	*	0.01





### 31. Expenditure on Research and Development:

	2015 T/Crores	2014 ₹/Crores
Capital	0.01	
Add: Intangible assets under development		
2	0.01	*
Revenue (Depreciation, Personnel, Travel and Other Administration expenses)	2.66	ë
Less: Transferred to Intangible assets under development	2 mb (v)	
_	2.66	
Total	2.67	





	·	2015	2014
		₹/Crores	₹/Crores
	a) Stores and spares	12.42	22.51
	b) Capital goods	0.02	*
	c) Traded items	1.46	2.59
	Total	13.90	25.10
33.	Expenditure in Foreign Currency:		
	(On accrual basis)	2015	2014
		₹/Crores	₹/Crores
	a) Travel	0.47	1.35
	b) Interest on Acceptances	4	0.18
	c) Technical Fee	0.05	0.20
	Total	0.52	1.73
34.	Earnings in Foreign Currency:	2045	2044
		2015	2014
	* \ <b>500</b>	₹/Crores	₹/Crores
	a) FOB value of exports (including deemed exports)	0.43	1.51
	b) Others (including reimbursement of expenses) Total	0.27	4.54
	lotal	0.70	1.51
35.	Remuneration to Auditor*:		
		2015	2014
		₹/Crores	₹/Crores
	a) Statutory Audit	0.11	0.10
	b) Other Audit Services/Certifications	0.04	0.12
	Total	0.15	0.22
	* Excluding service tax.		





#### 36. Leases:

a) Finance Leases:

#### As Lessor:

- (i) The Company has given on finance lease certain assets/inventories which comprise of computers, radio terminals and office equipments, etc. These leases have a primary period, which is fixed and non-cancelable. There are no exceptional/restrictive covenants in the lease agreements.
- (ii) The gross investment in the assets given on finance leases as at June 30, 2015 and its present value as at that date are as follows:

	Total minimum	Interest included in	Present value of
	lease receivable	minimum lease	minimum lease
		receivable	receivable
	₹/Crores	₹/Crores	₹/Crores
Not later than one year	1.31	0.13	1.18
	(1.66)	(0.28)	(1.38)
Later than one year and not later than five years	0.47	0.03	0.44
	(1.73)	(0.15)	(1.58)
Total	1.78	0.16	1.62
	(3.39)	(0.43)	(2.96)

Note: Previous period's figures are given in brackets.

#### b) Cancelable Operating Leases

#### As Lessee:

- (I) The Company has taken various residential/commercial premises under cancelable operating leases. These leases are for a period of eleven months to three years and are normally renewable on expiry.
- (ii) The rental expense in respect of operating leases is ₹ 22.14 Crores (2014 ₹ 12.44 Crores) which is disclosed as Rent expense under 'Other expenses'.

#### As Lessor:

The gross block, accumulated depreciation and depreciation expense in respect of building and office automation products i.e. photocopying machines given on operating lease are as below:

	2015	2014
	7/Crores	₹/Crores
Gross Block	15.44	14.42
Accumulated Depreciation	9.03	4.79
Net Block	6.41	9.63
Depreciation Expense	4.24	2.99





#### 37. Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The earnings considered in ascertaining the company's EPS represent profit/(loss) for the year after tax. Diluted EPS is computed and disclosed using the weighted average number of equity and dilutive equivalent shares outstanding during the year except when results would be anti-dilutive.

#### Calculation of EPS:

Particulars	2015	2014
Loss after tax (₹/Crores)	(92.19)	(5.96)
Weighted average number of shares considered as outstanding in computation of Basic EPS	50,000	50,000
Weighted average number of shares outstanding in computation of Diluted EPS	50,000	50,000
Basic EPS (of ₹ 10/- each)	(₹ 18437.81)	(₹ 1191.13)
Diluted EPS (of ₹ 10/- each)	(₹ 18437.81)	(` 1191.13)

There are no dilutive equity shares as at year end.

#### 38. Segment Reporting

The Company's business falls within a single primary business and geographical segment, i.e.the Services business which provides IT infrastructure managed services, break-fix services, cloud services, enterprise application services, software development & support services, office automation maintenance services, managed print services and telecom & consumer electronics support services. Accordingly, pursuant to Accounting Standard 17 on 'Segment Reporting', notified under section 211 (3C) of the Companies Act, 1956 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 & Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 as at June 30, 2015, segment information is not required to be disclosed.





39 The Company has calculated the various benefits provided to employees as under:

(a) Defined Contribution

(i) Superannuation Fund

During the year, the Company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

2015 2014 ₹/Crores ₹/Crores 0.58 0.72

(b) State Plans

(i) Employee State Insurance

(ii) Employee's Pension Scheme 1995

Employers Contribution to Superannuation Fund\*

Employers contribution to Employee State Insurance\*

Employers contribution to Employee's Pension Scheme 1995\*

During the year, the Company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

2015 2014 ₹/Crores ₹/Crores 3.04 2.87 5.40 4.80

\* Included in Contribution to Provident and Other Funds under Employee benefits expense (Refer Note 23).

(c) Defined Benefit

i) Gratuity

(ii) Provident Fund @

In accordance with Accounting Standard 15 (revised 2005), an actuarial valuation was carried out in the respect of the aforesaid defined benefit plan

based on the following assumptions:

	G	Gratuity	
	2015	2014	
Discount rate (per annum)	8.00%	8.50%	
Rate of increase in compensation levels	6.00%	6.00%	
Expected average remaining working lives of employees (years)	26.09	25.44	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

The estimates of future salary increases considered in actuarial valuation take account of inflation, senjority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market.

		₹/Crores
	2015	2014
	Gratuity	Gratuity
Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the defined benefit obligation:	-	
Present value of obligation at the begining of the year	9.07	*
Amount Transferred from HCL Infosystems Limited, the Holding Company (Refer Note 43)		7.58
Current service cost	0.44	1.50
Past service cost		*
Interest cost	0.67	0.00
Actuarial (gain)/loss	3.13	1.43
Benefits (paid)	(3.39)	(1.44)
Settlements/transfer In		0.00
Contribution by plan participants	: 2	0.00
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	9.92	9.07
		₹/Crores
	2015	2013
Cost recognised for the year :	Gratuity	Gratuity
Current service cost	0.44	1.50
Company contribution to Provident Fund	-	
Past service cost		
Interest cost	0.67	*
Actuarial (gain)/loss	3.13	1.43
Interest guarantee liability		*
Shortfall in fund	.22	
Net cost recognised for the year*	4.24	2.93

<sup>\*</sup> Included in Salaries, Wages, Bonus and Gratuity for Gratuity under Employee benefits expense (Refer Note 23).





Reconciliation of the present value of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of the plan assets:

Present value of the obligation as at the end of the year Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Assets/(Liablil(tles) recognised in the Balance Sheet

Co.	Gratuity	₹/Crores
2015	2014	2013
9.92	9.07	
(9.92)	(9.07)	

@ In respect of certain eligible employees, the Company is a partcipant in a provident fund plan which is administered through a multi employer trust. The participants have an obligation to make good any deficiency in the interest to be paid by the Trust to it's members and the income earned by it. Accordingly the plan is as a defined benefit plan. The trust has obtained an actuarial valuation of the Provident fund liability as at the Balance Sheet date and as per valuation report, there is no shortfall as on June 30, 2015. The valuation report contained details for the disclosurer requirement of the Accounting Standard 15 "Employee Benefits" for the trust as a whole, however breakup into respective entities is not available and accordingly the disclosures for provident fund liability as required by Accounting Standard 15 "Employee Benefits has not been made in these financial statements. The Company's contribution to provident fund for the year is ₹ 3.52 Crores (2014 - ₹ 4.17 Crores) which has been included under Contribution to Provident and Other Funds (Refer Note 23).





## 40. Employee Stock Option Plan (ESOP):

The holding company has established Employee Stock Option Scheme 2000 and Employee Stock Based Compensation Plan 2005 for the employees of HCL Infosystems Limited and its subsidiaries.

HCL Infosystems Limited, Holding Company follows the Intrinsic Value Method of accounting and there is no charge for ESOPs based on this method during the current year which relates to the Company.

The impact on the profit of the Company for the current year ended June 30, 2014 and the basic and diluted earnings per share had the Holding Company followed the fair value method of accounting for stock options is set out below:

		Cicioles
Particulars	2015	2014
Loss after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss (a)	(92.19)	(5.96)
Loss after tax recomputed for recognition of employee stock compensation		
expense under fair value method (b)	(92.19)	(5.96)
Loss Per Share based on earnings as per (a) above:		
- Basic and Diluted (Refer Note 37)	(₹ 18437.81)	(₹ 1191.13)
Loss Per Share had fair value method been employed for accounting of employee stock options:		
- Basic and Diluted	(₹ 18437.81)	(₹ 1191.13)





- 41. Disclosure of related parties and related party transactions:
  - a) Company having substantial interest:

**HCL Corporation Private Limited** 

b) Holding Company

**HCL Infosystems Limited** 

 List of parties where control exists/existed and with whom transactions have taken place during the year and/or where balances exist:

#### Subsidiaries:

HCL Insys Pte. Limited, Singapore HCL Touch Inc., USA

#### Fellow Subsidiaries:

HCL Learning Limited
HCL Infotech Limited (formerly known as HCL System Integration Limited)
Digilife Distribution and Marketing Services Limited
HCL Infosystems LLC, DUBAI
HCL Infosystems MEA FZE, Dubai

d) Enterprises over which, individual having indirect significant influence over the company, has significant influence and with whom transactions have taken place during the year and/or where balances exist:

HCL Technologies Limited
HCL Comnet Limited
HCL Comnet Systems and Services Limited
Statestreet Hcl Services India Ltd
Universal Office Automation Limited
Manipal Universal Learning Private Limited.
SSN College of Engineering
SSN Trust
HCL Avitas Private Ltd
HCL Talent Care Pvt Ltd

Note: Parties with whom transactions are more than 10% of the total value have been disclosed separately.





#### e) Summary of Related Party disclosures

Note: All transactions with related parties have been entered into in the normal course of business.

(₹/Crores) Company having Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries A. Transactions **Holding Company** Others Total substantial interest Jun-15 Jun-14 Jun-15 Jun-15 Jun-15 Jun-15 Jun-14 Jun-15 Jun-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Jun-14 Sales and Related Income 0.15 11.06 0.00 0.12 2.85 0.80 14.06 9.83 - HCL Corporation Private Limited 0.15 HCL Infosystem Limited 11.06 8.91 - HCL Infosystems MEA - HCL Technologies Limited 0.12 1.04 0.80 - HCL America Inc. 0.43 - HCL Talent Care Private Limited 1.37 4.65 Services 0.02 44.23 26.15 47.81 41.18 8.26 100.32 71.98 - HCL Corporation Private Limited 0.02 - HCL Infosystem Limited - HCL Infotech Limited 44.23 26,15 33.41 37.70 - HCL Learning Limited 8.56 4.19 -HCL Comnet Ltd. - HCL Technologies Limited 0.30 0.77 7.55 3.53 Purchase of Goods - HCL Infosystem Limited 48.00 38.75 0.47 0.01 2.64 2.27 51.11 41.03 48.00 38.75 HCL Insys Pte Ltd., Singapore
Digilife Distribution and Marketing Services Limited 0.47 0.01 2.01 1.87 - HCL Infotech Limited 0.63 0.39 Purchase of Services
- HCL Learning Limited
- HCL Infotech Limited 0.07 0.10 0.03 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.03 - HCL Technologies Limited 0.07 Purchase of Investment
-HCL Insys Pte Ltd., Singapore 12.65 42.56 12.65 42.56 12.65 42.56 HCL Touch Inc, USA Net Inter Company Deposits (ICD) Taken - HCL Infosystems Limited 160.43 128.39 160.43 128.39 128.39 160,43 Interest on Inter Company Deposits (ICD) Taken 23.93 3.12 23,93 3.12 - HCL Infosystems Limited 23.93 3 12 0.18 **Assets Sold** 0.18 - HCL Infosystems Limited. 0.18 0.08 0.19 Assets Purchased - HCL Infosystems Limited. 0.11 0.11 - HCL Learning Limited 0.08 Relmbursements towards expenditure a) Received b) Paid 12.65 20.71 12.65 20.71 - HCL Infosystems Limited. 12.65 - HCL Learning Limited Net assets Received on Transfer of Business 10.00 10.00 - HCL Infosystems Limited 10.00 B. Amount due to / from related parties Investment
Business Consideration & Other Payables 55.21 55.21 42.56 42.56 60.88 59.30 59.30 60,88 Trade Receivables 0.03 21.28 17.16 25.49 37.97 7.17 2.46 53.98 57.59 Other Recoverables Inter Company Deposits (ICD) Payable 0.94 10.93 0.11 0.11 1.05 11.04 268.82 128.39 288.82 128.39 2.80 1.24 0.01 Trade Payables 16.92 52.42 19.73 53 66





#### 42. a) Derivative Instruments outstanding at the Balance Sheet date:

The Company has following outstanding derivatives as at the reporting date:

Particulars	Foreign Currency Value / Crores		Average Rate		Maximum Maturity Period	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2016	2014
Forward contracts to buy USD	\$0.01	\$0.00	63,91	0.00	2 Months	0.00

b) As on June 30, 2014, the foreign currency exposure that is not hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise in respect of

Particulars		₹/ Crores
	2015	2014
Trade Payables	2.76	0.88
Trade Receivables	3.79	3.71

43. The Hon'ble High Court of Delhi sanctioned a Composite Scheme of Arrangement (the "Scheme") between HCL Infosystems Limited, HCL Infotech Limited (formerly known as HCL System Integration Limited), HCL Services Limited (formerly known as HCL Care Limited), HCL Learning Limited (collectively the "Transferee Companies") and HCL Infocom Ltd and their respective shareholders and creditor under the provisions of section 391 to 394 of the Companies Act, 1956, vide its order dated September 18, 2013 received on October 30, 2013. The Scheme has become effective from November 1, 2013 on filing a certified copy of the High Court order with the office of the Registrar of the Companies, NCT of Delhi & Haryana and is applicable from January 1, 2013 (the "Appointed date").

In accordance with the Scheme, with effect from the Appointed Date, the Company acquired Services Business from the Holding Company at a consideration of ₹ 61.00 Crores. The assets and liabilities pertaining to the Service Business, were recorded at their respective fair values as on December 31, 2012, as determined by an independent valuer. The fair values of assets and liabilities acquired and recorded by the Company are ₹ 369.49 Cr and ₹ 359.49 Cr. respectively and ₹ 51.00 Crores, being excess of consideration paid over the fair values of assets and liabilities so acquired, were recorded as Goodwill in the books of the Company.

In accordance with the Scheme, the HCL Infosystems Limited continued to carry on the business and activities in relation to the Services Undertakings on account of and in trust for the Company from January 1, 2013 (the "Appointed date") till November 1, 2013 (the "Effective date").

Pursuant to this, the Parent Company has transferred the profits/ (loss), amounting to ₹ 8.61 crores, attributable to the Service Business for the period from the Appointed date and up to June 30, 2013 to the Company. These profits/ (loss), after adjusting consequential impact on profits/ (loss) arising from difference between fair values and historical values of assets and liabilities, have been recorded by the Company in the 'Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss' in Reserves and Surplus.

- 44. As per provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has to provide at least 2% of average net profits of the preceding three financial years towards Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR"). Accordingly, a CSR Committee has been formed for carrying out CSR activities as per Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has contributed a sum of ₹ 12,000 towards this cause and debited the same to the statement of profit and loss.
- 45. Previous year's figures have also been regrouped/recasted, where neccessary, to conform to the current year's presentation.

For Price Waterhouse Firm Registration Number-301112E Chartered Accountants

AVIJIT MUKERJI Partner

Membership Number - 056155

KAUSHIK DUTTA

Director

DIN - 03328890

PREMKUMAR SESHADRI

Chairman

DIN - 03114983

Place : Noida

Date : August 20, 2015

S G MURALI Group Chief Financial Officer

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors